

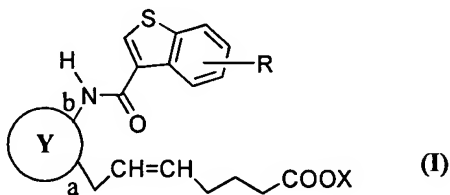
AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-2. (Canceled)

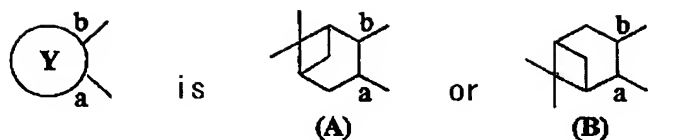
3. (Currently amended) A method for treatment or ~~prevention~~inhibition of a brain injury, which comprises administering an effective amount of an antagonist for prostaglandin D receptor to a patient in need thereof.

4. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein the antagonist for a prostaglandin D receptor is (\pm)-3-benzyl-5-(6-carboxyhexyl)-1-(2-cyclohexyl-2-hydroxyethylamino)-hydantoin, (+)-(3R)-3-(4-fluorobenzenesulfonamide)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydrocarbazol-9-propionic acid, (Z)-7-[(1R,2R,3S,5S)-2-(5-hydroxybenzo[b]thiophene-3-ylcarbonylamino)-10-norpinan-3-yl]hepta-5-enoic acid, (Z)-7-[(1R,2R,3S,5S)-2-(benzo[b]thiophene-3-ylcarbonylamino)-10-norpinan-3-yl]hepta-5-enoic acid, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, or a hydrate thereof.

5. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein the antagonist for a prostaglandin D receptor is a compound represented by the formula (I)

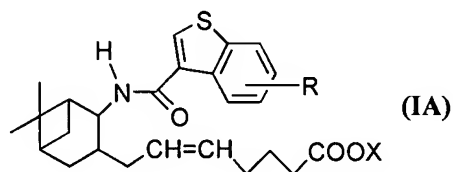


wherein,



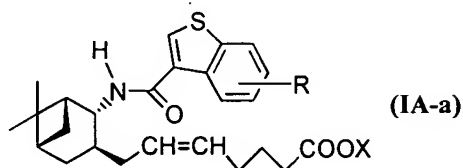
R is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxyl, acyloxy or optionally substituted arylsulfonyloxy; X is hydrogen or alkyl; and a double bond of an α -chain is in an E-configuration or a Z-configuration or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or a hydrate thereof.

6. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein the antagonist for a prostaglandin D receptor is a compound represented by the formula (IA)



wherein R is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxyl, acyloxy or optionally substituted arylsulfonyloxy; X is hydrogen or alkyl; and a double bond of an α -chain is in an E-configuration or a Z-configuration or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or a hydrate thereof.

7. (Previously presented) The method according to claim 3, wherein the antagonist for a prostaglandin D receptor is a compound represented by the formula (IA-a)



wherein R is hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, halogen, hydroxyl, acyloxy or optionally substituted arylsulfonyloxy; X is hydrogen or alkyl; and a double bond of an α -chain is in an E-configuration or a Z-configuration or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt or a hydrate thereof.

8-9. (Canceled)

10. (Previously presented) A method for treatment of a brain injury, which comprises administration of an effective amount of a prostaglandin D receptor antagonist to a patient in need thereof.

11-13. (Canceled)